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Sandia National Labs Energy Storage Technologies & Systems

Energy Storage Use Cases

Expanded Examples & Explanations

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- Cordova Hydroelectric / Flywheel Feasibility Study
- Players
 - Cordova Electric Cooperative (CEC)
 - DoE/OE and Sandia National Labs (SNL)
 - Alaska Center for Energy and Power (ACEP)
- Issue
 - Expansion of fishing industry has exceeded the supply capability of the 8.5MW hydroelectric plants which supplemental power demand is met with diesel generation (\$65,000 per year).
 - Supplemental power by diesel generation is only needed for minutes
 - Hydro units are run with a 500kW reserve which energy storage can free up with flywheel as technology of interest and defer diesel generation
- ACEP, in partnership with SNL, has developed an energy balance model to determine feasibility of flywheel







Cordova Hydroelectric / Flywheel Feasibility Study

- Member-owned COOP serving 2,000 customers with summer load peak of 8.4MW
- Generation Assets
 - Pump Creek: 2 hydro units, 3MW each
 - Humpback Creek: 2 hydro units, 1.25MW each
 - Orca Power Plant: 5 diesel units, Total of 9.8MW
- Distribution system is underground
- SCADA system records over 200 channels of system data at 1 second intervals with over 10 years worth of data









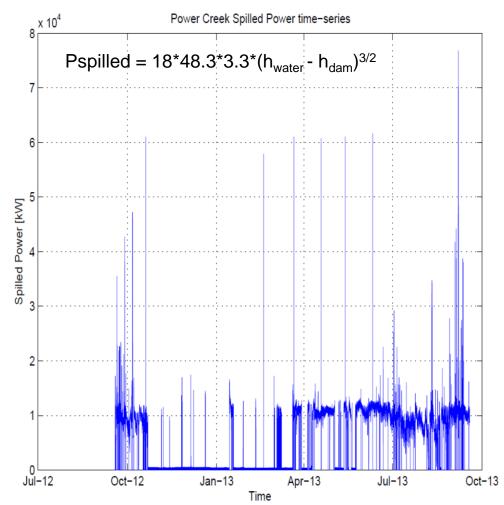


- Results of Energy Balance Model
- Total hours per year within 500kW of Spinning Reserve while running on Hydro Power was 215.9167 Hours
- Total Displaceable Diesel hours is 185.4589 hours
- Assuming electricity cost of \$0.45 / kWh, economic value of energy storage systems is ~\$54,640 / year
- Power Class energy storage system will not have significant economic benefit for Cordova if used for diesel displacement





- Cordova Hydroelectric / Flywheel Feasibility Study
- Recovering water spilled during times when load demand is below the hydropower capacity has a beneficial impact
- Initial economic benefit of \$750,000 / year off-setting thermal loads. (~14x better return than diesel displacement)

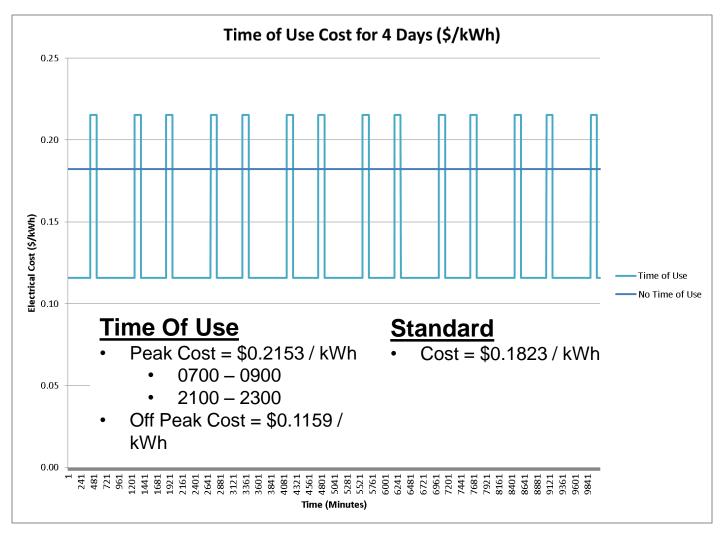




- Two Story Office Building
- Location
 - Near Ocean
 - Hot and Humid Summer and Snowy Winters
 - \$4.80 per kW Demand Charge per Month
- Building Processes
 - Emergency Response Dispatch (computers, communications, garage)
 - General Load (sump pump, lights, plug loads, HVAC)
 - 13 kW Peak, 224 kWh
- Applications
 - UPS
 - Time of Use (Arbitrage)
 - Demand Charge (Peak Reduction)
 - Demand Charge and Time of Use

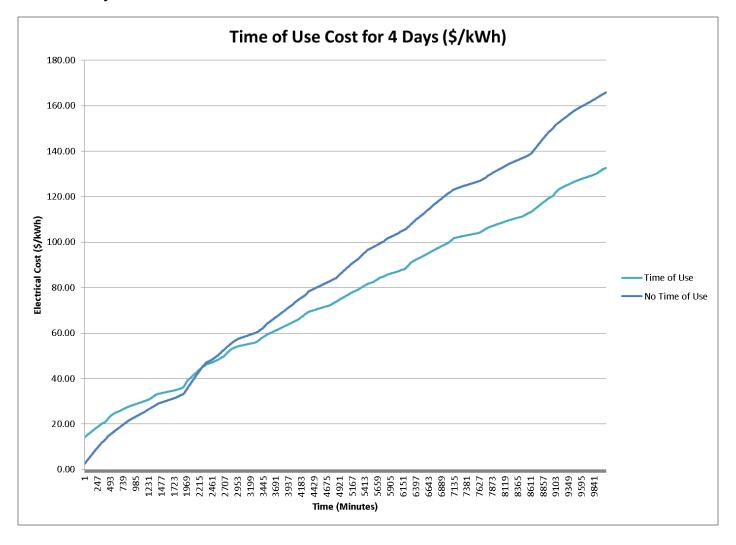


Two Story Office Building





Electricity Cost





- Yearly Costs Without Energy Storage
- Standard
 - Connection Fee = \$29.52
 - Electricity Cost = \$14,902.95
 - Demand Charge = \$711.36
 - Total Cost per Year = \$15,643.83
- Time of Use
 - Connection Fee = \$170.28
 - Electricity Cost = \$10.801.82
 - Demand Charge = \$711.36
 - Total Cost per Year = \$11,683.46
- Savings
 - Time of Use Saves per Year = \$3,960.37



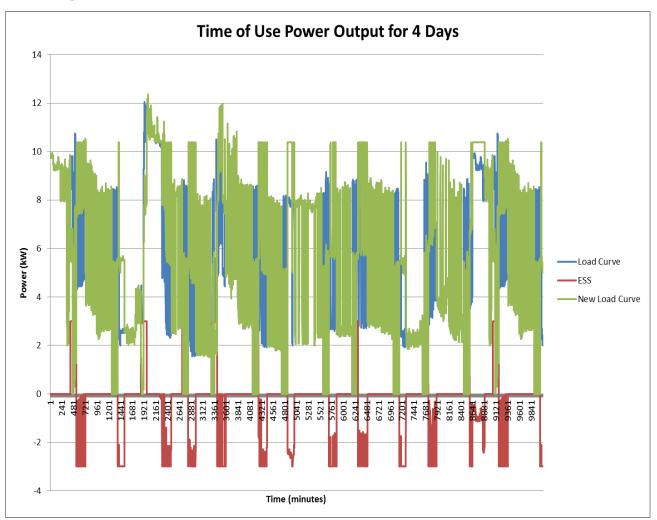


Time of Use (Arbitrage)

Energy Storage

- Li-lon
- Round Trip Efficiency = 80%
- Power Rating = 3 kW
- Energy Rating = 20 kWh

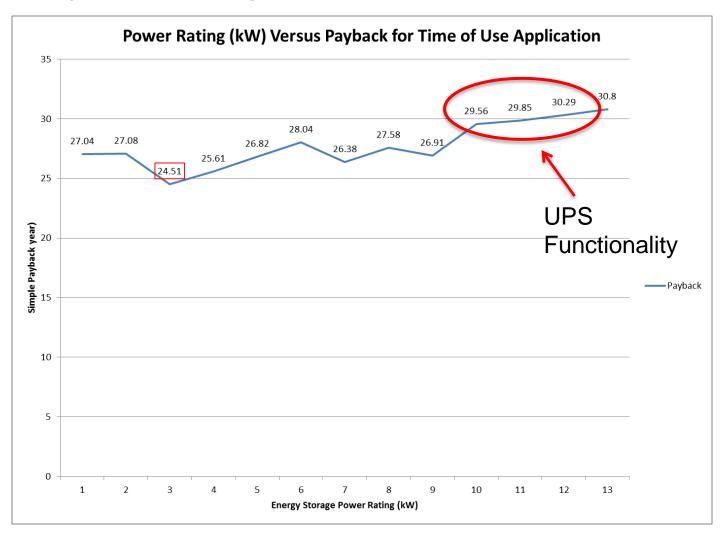
System Cost = \$13,500.00 Savings per Year = \$550.80 Simple Pay Back = 24.51 years







Time of Use (Arbitrage)



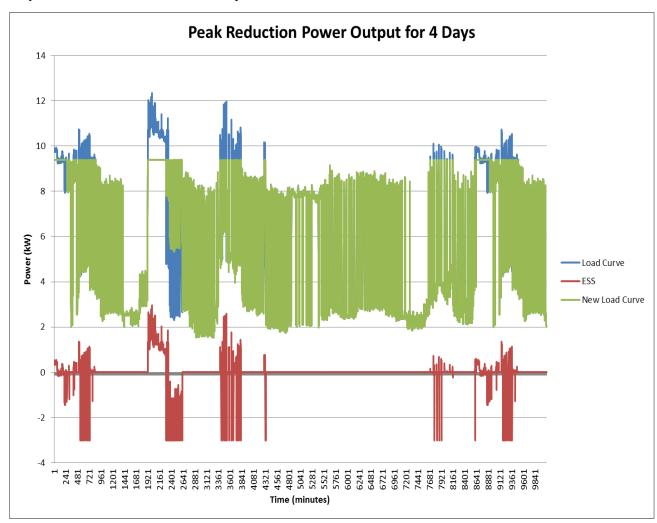


Demand Charge (Peak Reduction)

Energy Storage

- Li-lon
- Round Trip Efficiency = 80%
- Power Rating = 3 kW
- Energy Rating = 4 kWh
- Peak Reduction = 24%

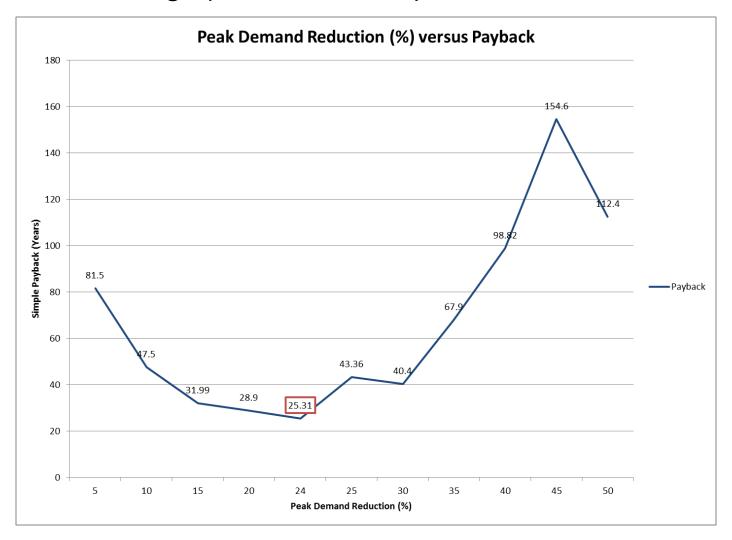
System Cost = \$3,900.00 Savings per Year = \$154.11 Simple Pay Back = 25.31 years







Demand Charge (Peak Reduction)



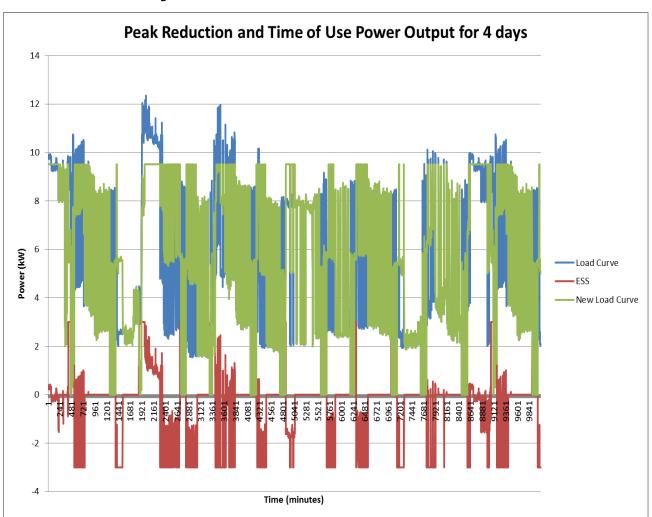


Demand Charge and Time of Use

Energy Storage

- Li-lon
- Round Trip Efficiency = 80%
- Power Rating = 3 kW
- Energy Rating = 24 kWh
- Peak Reduction = 23%

System Cost = \$15,900.00 Savings per Year = \$688.85 Simple Pay Back = 23.08 years





- Two Story Office Building
- Summary
 - Fastest Payback
 - Time of Use (Arbitrage) = 3 kW
 - Demand Charge (Peak Reduction) = 24% of Monthly Peak
 - Combining the Demand Charge (Peak Reduction) and the Time of Use (Arbitrage) saves the most money
 - Peak Reduction in the combined applications was reduced by 1% due to energy storage charging



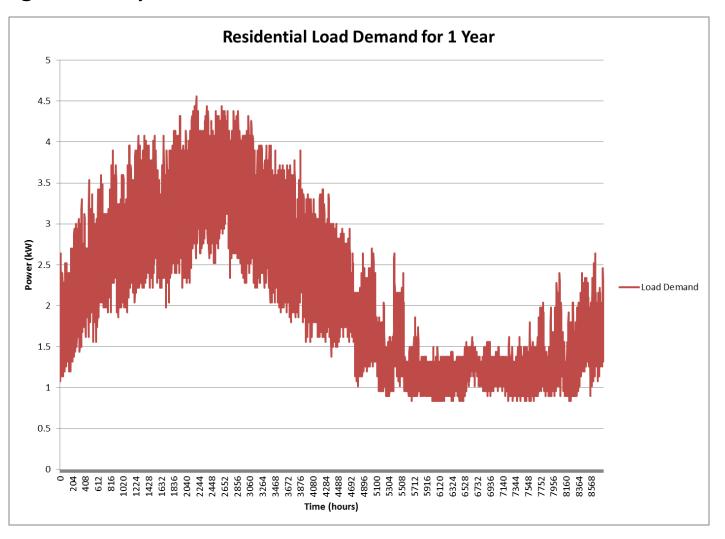


- Single Family Home
- Location
 - Desert
 - Hot Summer and Cool Winters
 - Peak Hour Price (\$0.13 / kWh) and Off Peak Hour Price (\$0.07 / kWh)
- Building Processes
 - Single Family Home
 - General Load (refrigerator, kitchen, lights, plug loads, HVAC)
 - 4.56 kW Peak, 1600.06 kWh per Month
- Applications
 - UPS
 - Time of Use (Arbitrage)





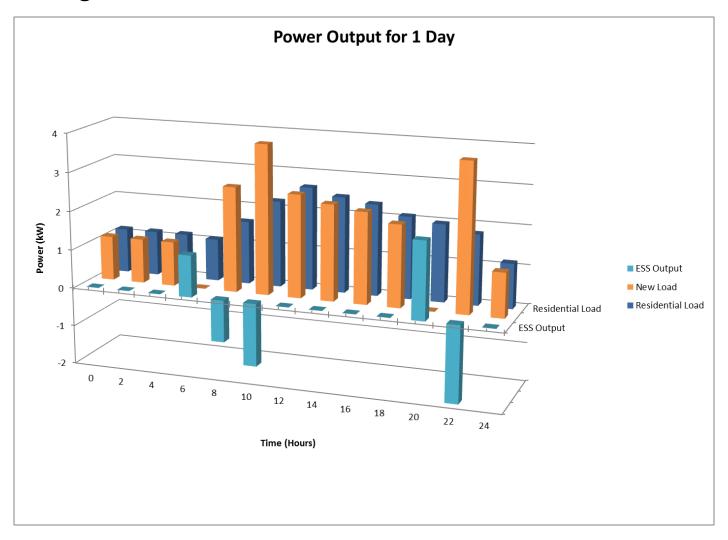
Single Family Home







Arbitrage





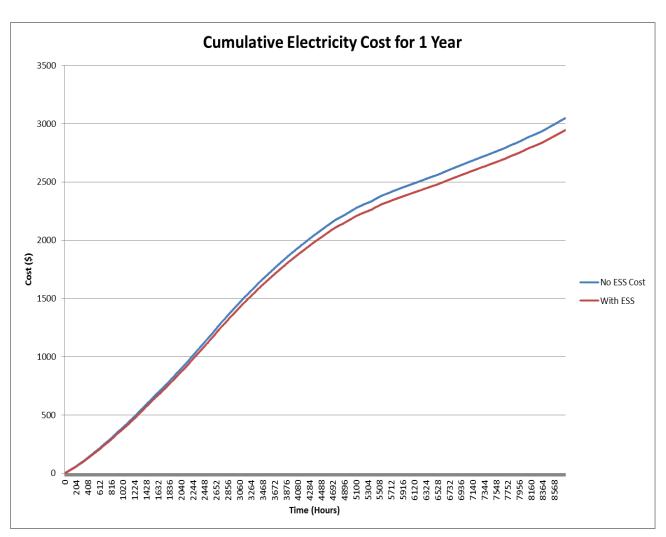


Arbitrage

Energy Storage

- Li-lon
- Round Trip Efficiency = 80%
- Power Rating = 2 kW
- Energy Rating = 4 kWh
- Peak Reduction = 23%

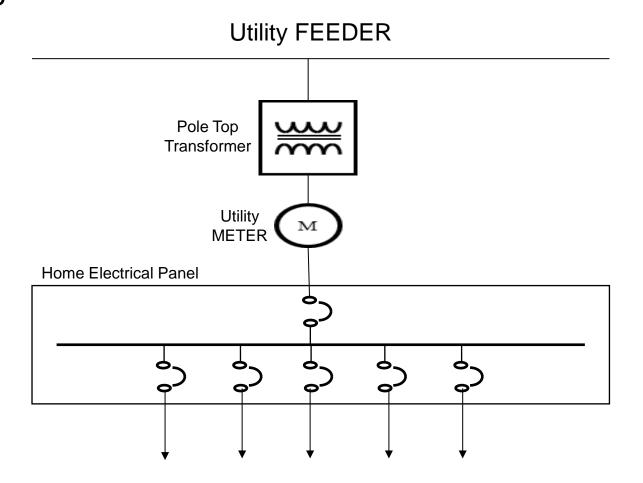
System Cost = \$3,400.00 Savings per Year = \$103.28 Simple Pay Back = 32.9 years







UPS

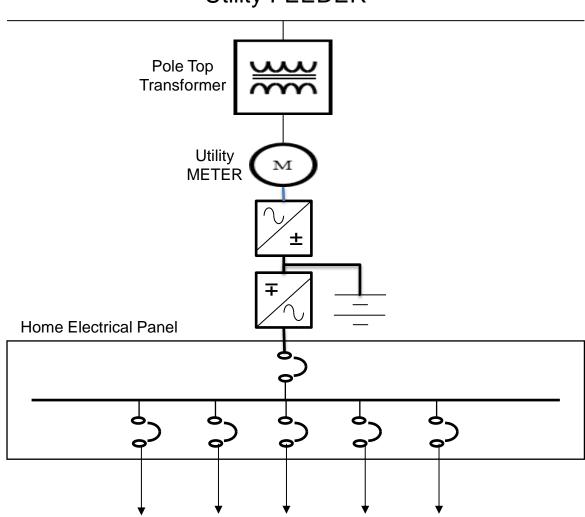






UPS Entire House

Utility FEEDER







UPS Critical Load

Utility FEEDER Pole Top Transformer Utility **METER** Home Electrical Panel

Contact Information



Thank you!

Questions?

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